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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/723,210	11/24/2003	Manfred Schingnitz	4797-46	8520
27799	7590 03/28/2005		EXAM	INER
COHEN, PONTANI, LIEBERMAN & PAVANE			RIDLEY, BASIA ANNA	
551 FIFTH A	VENUE			
SUITE 1210			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
NEW YORK, NY 10176			1764	
			DATE MAILED, 02/20/200	•

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
0.65	10/723,210	SCHINGNITZ ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner TL	Art Unit				
	Basia Ridley	1764				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-9 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 10.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 112403. 	Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Schingnitz et al. (US 2001/0020346).

Regarding claims 1-8, Schingnitz et al. discloses a reactor wall comprising:

- a pressure shell (4);
- a ring shaped gap (5) through which a cooling medium is circulated;
- a cooling wall (14);
- a thermally conductive ramming mass (6);
- a solid layer of slag (9);
- a liquid film of slag (C5/L15-30);
- fixation means (11, 12) selected form the group consisting of pins and anchors;
- cooling medium half tubes (14) attached to the pressure shell to form said cooling wall (Fig. 3-4);
- wherein the cooling medium carrying half tubes (14) have a cross-section selected from the group consisting of semi-circular and elliptical (Fig. 3-4);
- wherein said cooling medium is water (C5/L11-15).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Schingnitz et al. (US 2001/0020346) in view of Moritz et al. (USP 3,128,164).

Regarding claim 9, Schingnitz et al. discloses all of the claim limitations as set forth above, but the reference does not disclose any specific materials which can be used as the ramming mass.

Moritz et al. teaches that silicon carbide is a suitable refractory to be used in gasifiers (C4/L61-67).

Since the instant specification is silent to unexpected results, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the silicon carbide, as taught by Moritz et al., as the ramming mass in reactor of Schingnitz et al., as doing so would amount to nothing more than use of a known material for its intended use in a known environment to accomplish entirely expected result.

5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later

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invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Double Patenting

6. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

- 7. Claims 1-8 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-17 of U.S. Patent No. 6,827,912. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because said claims 1-8 of the instant application recite only the limitations which are recited in claims 1-17 of U.S. Patent No. 6,827,912. While claims 1-17 of U.S. Patent No. 6,827,912 do not explicitly recite a layer of liquid slag, said layer is inhering in the reactor recited in said claims.
- 8. Claim 9 is rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-17 of U.S. Patent No. 6,827,912 in view of Moritz et al. (USP 3,128,164). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other. While claims 1-17 of U.S. Patent No. 6,827,912 do not explicitly recite any specific materials which can be used as the ramming mass, Moritz et al. teaches that silicon carbide is a suitable refractory to be used in gasifiers (C4/L61-67) Since the instant specification

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is silent to unexpected results, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the silicon carbide, as taught by Moritz et al., as the ramming mass in reactor of Schingnitz et al., as doing so would amount to nothing more than use of a known material for its intended use in a known environment to accomplish entirely expected result.

Conclusion

- 9. In view of the foregoing, none of the claims are allowed.
- 10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to examiner Basia Ridley, whose telephone number is (571) 272-1453.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola, can be reached on (571) 272-1444.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Technical Center 1700 General Information Telephone No. is (571) 272-1700. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Questions on access to the Private PAIR system should be directed to the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at (866) 217-9197 (toll-free).

Basia Ridley Examiner

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BR March 21, 2005